# EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION ON COPPER SLAG CONCRETE

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### ABSTRACT

Protecting the natural resources with sustainable technologies is essential and mandatory to achieve sustainable development. In view of this, this study was carried out to protect the river sand and its quantity from its usage in the construction sector. So it was decided to use copper slag as fine aggregate through a characteristics study. A design mix of M25 was chosen and the copper slag concrete behavior was investigated to achieve the strength of M25. Hence, the replacement was done by 5%, 10%, 20% & 25%. In the proportion of 25 % of replacement of fine sand with copper slag, the concrete achieved its compressive strength and flexural strength as 29.38 N/mm<sup>2</sup> and 5.53 N/mm<sup>2</sup> respectively. So the copper slag concrete can be used in the construction activities as per its strength aspect and it will reduce the burden of disposal of copper slag waste. The use of copper slag will reduce the usage of river sand, reduce the cost of concrete and prevent the environmental degradation and ground water depletion. **Key words-**Copper slag, investigation, mix, replacement, strength.

# **1. INTRODUCTION**

As per the literature study, the copper slag was used by the researchers [3], [5], [8], [9], [10], [11] & [12] as replacing fine aggregate material and carried out research as effective use of copper slag and its behavior, performance. The comparative study also made by the researchers with the conventional concrete. Base on these literatures this study was focused on using waste material and conducting investigations based on the behavior of materials.

# 2. MATERIALS AND METHODS

The methodology involves lot of analysis for using the copper slag effectively. Visual inspection for the materials quality by appearance were carried out. Later, preliminary tests were done on the quality materials, for their strength, according to Indian Standards. The properties of copper slag is presented in the Table 1.

Sl. No.	Property	Result	
1	Shape and color	Angular irregular and black	
2	Water absorption (%)	1.06	
3	Specific gravity	3.65	
4	Bulk density (g/cc)	4.23	

## Table 1. Properties of copper Slag

Slump cone test was done to check the workability and consistency of the concrete mix prepared. The slump values were found to be 74.5 mm and 76 mm. Thus, it was a true slump.

Cubes and beams were casted following the mix proportion and varying the percentage of fine aggregate with copper slag by 0%, 5%, 10%, 15%, 20% and 25% respectively. The cube specimens were casted with a mould of standard dimension 150 mm  $\times$  150 mm  $\times$  150 mm and beam specimens were casted with a mould of standard dimension of 700 mm  $\times$  150 mm  $\times$  150 mm. The cube and beam are shown in Figure 1 & 2 respectively.



Fig. 1 Copper slag concrete cube of size 150 mm imes 150 mm imes 150 mm



Fig. 2 Copper slag concrete beam of size 700 mm  $\times$  150 mm  $\times$  150 mm.

### **3. RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS**

The casted specimens were cured separately for 7 days, 14 days and 28 days. These specimens were tested at the end 7, 14 & 28 days. The results of compressive and flexural strengths at 28 days of curing are shown in the table 2 & 3 respectively. It was observed that the required compressive and flexural strengths were achieved at 28 days of curing. Similar tests were obtained by the researchers [1], [2], [4], [6], [7] and results are justified.

Sl. No.	Specimen/Proportion details (M 25)	Compressive strength in N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
		7 days	14 days	28 days
1	0 % Copper slag	15.02	20.75	27.53
2	5 % Copper slag	12.12	21.48	23.13
3	10 % Copper slag	13.43	21.55	24.71
4	15 % Copper slag	14.44	21.78	25.69
5	20 % Copper slag	15.87	22.18	26.27
6	25 % Copper slag	17.64	23.47	29.38

Table 2. Compressive Strength of copper slag concrete

Sl. No.	Specimen/Proportion details	Flexural strength in N/mm <sup>2</sup>		
	(M 25)	7 days	14 days	28 days
1	0 % Copper slag	2.75	3.68	3.97
2	5 % Copper slag	2.26	2.30	3.20
3	10 % Copper slag	2.30	2.68	3.57
4	15 % Copper slag	2.41	3.17	4.02
5	20 % Copper slag	2.58	3.63	4.52
6	25 % Copper slag	2.76	4.45	5.53

 Table 3. Flexural strength of copper slag concrete

### **4. CONCLUSIONS**

Based on the experimental investigation it was evident that copper slag can be utilized as a replacing material to fine aggregate. The design strength was achieved by the copper slag concrete through test results. The compressive strength of copper slag concrete increases as the percentage of replacement increases at all proportions and reached the target mean strength. The recommended optimum percentage of replacement of fine aggregate by copper slag is 25% according to this investigation. The higher specific gravity of copper slag increases the density of concrete, so pores are reduced than conventional concrete. The maximum compressive and flexural strength of copper slag concrete was about 29.38 N/mm<sup>2</sup> & 5.53 N/mm<sup>2</sup> respectively, with the replacement of fine aggregate by the copper slag in the range of 25%. Therefore, the river sand can be partially replaced by copper slag up to 25 % for the M25 grade concrete and copper slag concrete can be prepared. This concrete will reduce the cost of concrete and prove to be economical with quality.

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